

## CHAPTER XI

### OTHER DEPARTMENTS

The administrative arrangement from time immemorial which was existing continued even during the reigns of Vijayanagar Kings and later under Palegars administration also. In this system the king enjoyed the supreme powers. According to Dharma Shastra and Neeti Shastra the interest of the King and the subjects were equal in the eye of Law. In Judicial Administration more importance was given to the protection of citizens and their property imparting Social justice, Economic management, punishment to anti social elements and criminals and protection of all and undertaking of public works along with tolerance to other religions. These were considered as Raja Dharma and duties to be performed by the King. In this administrative system there was a well established control and discipline and also, to carry out the programmes under different departments. Such traditional divisions Administrative continued during the reigns of Mysore Wodeyars.

But Chikka Deva Raja Wodeyar of Mysore (1673-1704) introduced complete changes in his administrative system. To introduce the type of Mughal type of Administration, in order to suite this with the local system, he had sent a delegation to Mughal Emperors royal court, and after getting the necessary suggestions from the delegation, he established 18 departments 18 Chavadies (1700-1704) or district level offices and he centralised the entire administration. Only those 18 divisions later came to be called Athara Kacheries or 18 Public offices.

Even after Britishers started ruling Mysore State, this Administrative system was in vogue. Later on these 18 offices had been working originally in Mysore, Srirangapattana and later shifted to Bangalore Tippu's Summer palace and then to the present High Court building (Athara Kacheri) are found in several documents. Even to this day the High Court building is also called "Athara Kacheri". These Chavadies are mentioned respectively are (1) Nirupada Chavadi i.e., to receive requests from public and record the same, to prepare the reports and dispose the same. (2) Ayakattina Chavadi, 84 divisions containing Civil and Military Accounts division. (3) Mysore Hobli Vichara Chavadi exchange of ideas among pattana Hobli the villages situated to conduct enquiry and controlled over the southern Administrative Units, which deals with enquiries (4) Vichara Chavadi subject Panchayat. (5) Sime Kandacharada Chavadi to keep accounts of citizen and also Military departments, and looked after necessary ammunition and arms, bullets (6) Bagila Kandacharada Chavadi Military and citizen Huzur officers and relating Palegars Accounts department (7) Sunkada Chavadi to collect taxes from Panchayat, Import & Exports, the total tax collected (8) Pommina chavadi special tax collecting department. (9) Thodayada Chavady Department of collecting Taxes from Srirangapattana area from special groups and also to collect entrance taxes (10) Ashtagrama and Pattana Hobli Chavadi:- The department which had the authority under chikkadeva Raja's Channel of administration comprised of eight Hoblis (11) Mysore Hobli Ashtagrama chavadi 12) Benne Chavadi:- related to Cow/rearing and collection and distribution of Milk daily (13) Pattanada chavadi incharge of Palace, forts, Batians and Ware Houses, to maintain Law and Order through the Administration in the Capital. Arms and ammunitions section and also looks after. (14) Bahina Chavadi looking after Intelligence department which also looked after the emergency postal system (15) Sammukhada chavadi looked after Accounts relating to family of Kings and subordinate staff of various departments (16) Devathanada Chavadi (17) Kabbinada Chavadi, incharge of departments such as Iron mines and production of Iron equipments and distribution of the same and (18) Hogesoppina Chavadi: Incharge of growing marketing of Tobacco products. In every such department there was one supervisor, three persons to keep the records, clerks and writers (Rayasas), one Dafedar, servants, milkman (Golla) watchman (Kavulagara) and those who carried lamps (Diwatige) were there. The Chavadi Administration system, looked after State secrets connected with the working of the same by frequently conducting espionage methods. It was possible to correct the lapses or all the departments immediately because of the above system. These eighteen Central Chavadies in discharging the Administration of the State were exercising sufficient powers.

Later to carry out the Government objectives an organised postal system was established. In the year 1931 during the rule of Krishna Raja Wodeyar III Britishers were forced to introduce the Commissioners Rule. During this period Sir Mark cubbon, Lord Bowring and others carried out an effective and shrewd administration. Princely Mysore State greatly improved. This also helped in revamping and Modernising Administrative Mechanism in the princely Mysore State. After Rendition in 1881 the post of Commissioner was abolished. The post of Dewan created to support the administration of the State with the supervision of the British Resident. But administrative branches such as Army, Telegraphs, coins, cantonment areas continued under the Britishers control. Resident was acting as a pivotal link between the Maharaja of Mysore and the British crown in all administrative office.

Cubbon created various new departments which had to work independently under the State Administrative System. They are Revenue, Postal, Police Force, Public Works Department, Army, Medical, Livestock, Law and Education department. Provincial Administration system adopted by the British Provincial Administrative system was adapted by our state also prior to the independence.

In 1881 march, when administration of the Mysore State was Renditioned to the Maharaja four departments like Revenue, Public Works, Education and Army were functioning under the supervision of the respective Secretaries. Later when these departments grew, different departments were established and officers were appointed. Forest and Law and Order Department (1885), Excise Department (1889), Muzhrai Department (1891), Mines Department (1894), Revenue Department (1902), Agricultural Department (1912), and Industries and Commerce Department (1913) when India became independent there were several departments at District Centres such as District Magistrate, District Police Superintendent, Zonal Forest Officer, Executive Engineer, District Medical Officer, Superintendent of Prohibition, District Agricultural Officer, Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination Administration Officer District Board, Schools etc.,

Under this background, several popular Governments which run the State Administration have introduced from time to time various schemes for the welfare of the people and successfully implemented them through various departments. In the due course the government also created new departments and carried out its implementation. Such Government departments like Finance, Agriculture, Industries, Co-operation, Public Works, Labour etc. The working of which with a view to bring out progress of the citizens welfare activities have already been mentioned in the previous chapters. In this chapter district level and also

Central Government Departments which do not come directly under the District level Officers or establishment of institutions objectives of their growth at different stages have been recorded.

### **Excise Department**

To put a check to illegal preparation of Liquor and manufacturing of quality liquor fit for human consumption controlling unlawful activities with a view to increase the income of the Excise department, Deputy Excise Commissioner's Office was established in Mandya in the year 1967. Earlier to this as there was prohibition the Excise department was controlled by the Revenue department. Deputy Commissioner of Excise department who had powers to control the affairs of the district was the Head of this office and there were 15 subordinate officials functioning under the control of this department. The main functions of this department were to protect the quality of beer and toddy, that is fit for human consumption, to see that the contractor pay the amount agreed in time for transporting and control the illegal production of toddy. The inspecting staff have to prevent illegal production of toddy by cancelling the permit and licence and impose fines by overseeing these works by conducting surprise inspections all over the district. Karnataka excise law 1965 and other orders that department releases from time to time are applicable to the functioning of the Department.

Under the Control of this office there is one taluk level office functioning under the supervision of the Excise Commissioner. The district has one zonal office one each for each taluk and consists of two liquor manufacturing units one each at Mandya city and at Gende Hosahalli in Srirangapattana taluk extracting liquor from Kakambi under the supervision headed by Excise Inspectors who function under Excise superintendent of Excise, who is incharge of the district. The department functions under the dual administrative control of the Deputy Commissioner and also the Commissioner of Excise, Bangalore.

### **Forest Department**

The office of the Deputy Conservator of forests is functioning at Mandya since 1987 under the supervision of Conservator of forest. In the beginning during the year 1971 for a period of one year Mandya EFPA division Mysore in Mysore, Mandya, Bangalore and Kolar and these four Revenue Districts had come under this jurisdiction since 1974 this was converted into Provincial Division. Mandya, Nagamangala, Channapattana and Sathanur division and containing 10 Special Duty Circles was carrying out the work. In the year 1984,

Chennapattana and Sathanur, divisions were transferred to Bangalore Division. In the year 1987, in Mandyā District a separate Forest Division came into existence. Then though social forest divisions were carrying out the work, in the year 1989 Forest Division was separated.

The office of the Deputy Conservator of Forest has seven provincial circles under its purview. The Headquarters of the two sub-divisions are located at Mandyā and Nagamangala. Administration of forests is vested with the provincial division. Social Forest Division is working under the jurisdiction of Zilla Panchayat. There are 160 staff in provincial division and 99 staff in the Social Forest Department.

The Deputy Conservator of forest has the supervisory control of the district. The responsibility of supervising their division will be that of the Assistant Conservator of forests. The Chief Executive Officer of the Zilla Panchayath will be the immediate superior of the Forest offices in the district.

The main objectives of this office under the Forest development schemes are to undertake plantations to establish raising grooves and also supplied seedlings to farmers. This department also undertakes the implementing forest work of C and D grade land and also on land like Gomala, Tankbund, Roadside, canal sides to take up foresting schemes. Forest development, Schools plantation, decentralised plantation etc, social forestry planning are some of the other schemes in vogue. This department implements rural development schemes. The department follows the Rules and Regulations of the Government and also implements Karnataka Finance Code and other Forest Codes.

### **Economics and Statistics Department**

With the idea of collecting vital statistics of the districts and with the object of publishing the same, the office of the District Statistical Officer was established in Mandyā in the year 1960. District Statistical Officer is the Chief Executive Officer and to assist him there are one Assistant Statistic Officer, four sub officers, two statistical Inspectors and two Census Office Assistant and also eight other staff are looking after the functioning of this office.

With reference to agricultural crop development the work like collecting statistics, establishment of meteorology centres, to inspect with respect to statistics collection importance of figures in the department of training, birth and death registration, District Statistics and also the publication of District Economic and Social analysis and reports, Nations survey and crop estimation, Insurance plan, Agriculture census, to conduct minor irrigation census and also the suggestions

of Statistics and census Directorate and to implement census work are the responsibilities of this office district under the supervision Tahsildars census observers and census assistance will implement the work. This department will carry out its activities at Bangalore as required by Economic and Census Directorate.

### **Food and Civil Supplies and Consumer Related Department .**

With the objective of distributing daily essential commodities through ration shops Food and Civil supplies and related to consumers department, the Deputy Directors office was established in Mandya in the year 1964.

All the taluks of the district, food department supervision is done by the department director and to help him there is one Assistant Director, three Managers and seventeen subordinates for implementing the schemes and programmes.

Under the Public Distribution system ration materials like rice, wheat, sugar and kerosene oil are distributed through ration shops, and distributes the above things for the Anthyodaya card holders were supplied with essential materials like Rice, Oil etc. Distribution of Yellow, Green, Saffron and Blue Photo Ration Cards were eligible to receive materials. The department also supplies ration for the Mid-day meal of the school children. To regularise and support the price of the agriculture products, sugarcane and sugar industries, petroleum products, cooking gas distribution are other works looked after by this department. Levy rice collection, inspection of petrol bunk, gas units supervision and supply of essential products to be released for the market, to regularise the Associations for public distribution, to grant permission to the unemployed graduates and also for other groups to run the ration shops etc., are the main works undertaken by this department. With the co-operation of Tahsildar and two food supervisors the work will be undertaken in the taluk jurisdiction. This department will come under the control of the Commissioner, Food and Civil Supplies, Bangalore. The department also supervises the working of consumer Forums established at the district level mainly established to seek redressal for various consumer issues.

### **Health and Family Welfare Department**

The office of the District Health and Family Welfare department was set up in Mandya in 1964 to look after the Public Health and also Family Welfare. This is to give importance to the National and State Health Programmes. District Health and Family Welfare Officer is the head and he supervises the working of the District Leprosy Officer, District Malaria Officer, District Medical Officer (Incharge of family welfare, Labour Cases and children's health services), District Tuberculosis Officer, District Laboratory Officer and provincial Assistant

Chemical Analyst (District Supervisors), District Health Education Officer and also other staff are functioning in the district. Rural Health Planning, Medical Development Programmes, Mother and children Health, Family Welfare Activities like vaccination programmes, eradication of National leprosy programmes, Revised National Tuberculosis Eradication Programme, Revised Nutrition Programmes, Laboratroy Services, Health Training & Environment programmes, Eradication of diseases services, and also School Children's Health Programmes are some of the schemes looked after by the District Health Department.

### **Employment and Training Department**

To have co-ordination and facilitate common people to comply with the requests the District Employment Office was established in Mandyā in the year 1960. District Employment Exchange Officer is the head of this office and he will supervise the functioning of the entire office in general and Trade and Guidance officer in particular. Assistant Employment Officer is assisted by ten subordinate staff.

District Enrollment Officer will register the names of the un-employed candidates names in a register. District organiser will inform the vacancies to the above officer the names, qualification, age, seniority of registration. Depending upon the seniority they will be considered suitability for the vacancies. They visit the schools, student's hostels. Industrials Training Institutes and also to the other Training Institutions; they give work guidance, Trade lectures Trade conferences and conduct literacy exhibitions. They issue compulsory orders as per the laws about the vacancies and supervises, these are some of the works that are looked after by this office.

To collect the records from public and private sectors once in three months, and once in six months, and depending upon their investigation and comparative and collection of the above to prepare a job and market report and also to recognise new institutions are the other works undertaken by this department.

This office carries out the compulsory orders of 1959 and orders of 1960 with reference to Employment Exchange centres (Job vacancies of compulsory orders). Recently this office has computersied day to day work that have to be carried out. Assistant Director, disabled special Employment Exchange centre, Mysore is the head of this division.

### **Kannada and Culture Department**

With the object of implementing the meticulous use of Kannada in Government and non -government offices to propagate Karnataka culture, Of-

fice of the Assistant Director, Kannada and Culture was established in Mandya in the year 1978 and the Assistant Director, Kannada and Culture has the district jurisdiction and he is the main officer of this division.

The important works undertaken by this department are Kannada development work, to run Kannada Classes to Government servants, officers, to use Kannada in the courts, to teach Kannada to non Kannadigas are executed and such other Kannada related services. To recognise artists in the district to conduct cultural programmes, and to organise seminars and workshops, under special unit to encourage artists, to construct open auditoriums in each taluk and to supply funds are taken up by this department. To refund medical expenses of artists, to supply funds exhibit the local talents of backward caste/ class artists; to give opportunities to local artists, to exhibit their talents, to sanction remuneration and honourarium and also to sanction monthly pension to conduct child talent, young talent competition young talent exhibition, selling of Books are some of the activities of this department and it also carries out other works entrusted and it functions under the supervision of the Deputy Director Kannada and Culture department, Mysore.

### **Karnataka Water Supply and Sewerage Board**

Karnataka water Supply and Sewerage Board is the sub-division office was started in Mandya in the year 1975. Assistant Executive Engineer is the head of the entire Mandya district and has the entire jurisdiction. This office looks after the execution of several works concerning Water Supply and Sewerage of Mandya Town, Maddur, Malavalli, Srirangapattana, K.R.Pet, Pandavapura and Nagamangala. This office also implements the legislation connected with the Board. There are 65 subordinate staff to help the Executive Engineer Karnataka Water Supply and Sewerage Board Division-I, Mysore will be the immediate controlling authority of this district office.

### **Karnataka Land Army Corporation Ltd.**

The Office of the Deputy Director, Karnataka Land Army Corporation Ltd., was started in 1995 at Mandya. Deputy Director is the head of this office in Mandya district and also from 2002-03, new district Chamarajnagar comes under his administrative jurisdiction. To assist him there are five Assistant Directors, 21 Technical staff and also 63 other staff. To train the unemployed rural youth and rehabilitate part time un-employed youths and impart disciplinary Army training are the main activities of this office. To undertake Contracts connected with the public work and to see that these are carried out through the

Corporation Engineers without any middleman, work to be carried out by payment of wages prescribed by the Government and Land Army Corporation.

This department has powers to execute the work projects entrusted by Central and Quasi Government agencies and finally handover the same after completion. This Corporation has been entrusted with the work connected with the students hostel, Hospital buildings and connected with the different departments, Zilla Panchayat, District Adult Educational Officers and Training Institutes functioning in the district. The offices which are functioning under the control of this office respectively are Mandyā, Malavalli and Pandavapur. Assistant Director of Mandyā controls the work of Mandyā and also Srirangapattana, Malavalli office has the jurisdiction of Maddur taluk. Pandavapur office has the jurisdiction of K.R.Pet and also Nagamangala, Chamarajnagar, Yalandur, Kollegal taluk come under the jurisdiction of Chamarajnagar. Under Gundlupet and also Tamil Nadus Ooty's Central Education trust which constructs some building come under the jurisdiction of Gundlupet office. Joint Director of Karnataka land army, Mysore is the immediate controlling officer of this office.

### **Karnataka State Seeds Corporation Ltd**

Karnataka State Seeds Corporation Ltd., being a Karnataka Government's subsidiary institution was established in the year 1982-83 in Mandyā to distribute good quality of seed grown. The Manager who has jurisdiction of the district is the head of this corporation and he is assisted by 19 subordinate staff. Storage and seed preservation, planning are the main objectives of this corporation. Managing Director, Karnataka Seeds Corporation, Bangalore is the administrative head of this department.

### **Karnataka State Finance Corporation Ltd**

With a view to develop the Industries in Karnataka the Karnataka Finance Corporation was established at Bangalore, under the State Financial Act of 1951 and its branch office was opened at Mandyā in the year 1985. Assistant Chief Manager is the head of this office and there is 34 sub-ordinate staff to assist him. This office carries out the works like to grant long term loans in order to help new entrepreneurs to start new industries or to develop the existing industries, to renovate the existing industries and to execute such other programmes initiated by the Government comes under the jurisdiction of this office.

This office also sanctions Financial Assistance to execute schemes such as Technical programmes, Hotel Industries, Industrial Townships, Transport Trade, Modernisation work, Quality Control, Electro medical operates, Electric Genera-

tors, Nursing Home, Computers, Tourism activities management of Roads, development and erection, to rehabilitate Sick Industries, shopping centres, and cowsheds, are granted with financial Assistance. Educated unemployed, disabled persons, retired ex-military specialists in trade are given from facilities. This office gives low rate of interest to help Modernisation of Industries.

### **Industries and Boilers Department**

Inspectors of Factories office was establish with a view to carry out the work in Mandya and Inspector of factories is the head of this office. He has the jurisdiction of Mandya, Hassan and Bangalore Rural District Ramanagar, Channapattana. The main activities of this department are approving plans of new factories, renovation, amendment and also payment of salaries to the labourers etc, are some of the responsibility of the Inspector of factories. This office carries out the Karnataka Factories Act 1948, Karnataka Factories Regulations 1969, Karnataka Payment of Wages Rules 1963, Karnataka Welfare Officers Rules 1963, Payment of wages Act 1948, and Karnataka Maternity Benefit Act & Rules 1966 etc. Deputy Chief Inspector of Factories Mysore division is the joint Inspector of factories, Bangalore and also Chief Inspector of Factories and Boilers (Central office), Bangalore is the dual controlling authority of this office.

### **Legal Metrology Department**

With a view to certify and stamping of weights and measures are also conduct Industries inspection by filing of cases the Legal Metrology Department was created in the year 1962 at Mandya. Assistant Controller of Legal Metrology is the district head of this office and he is assisted by five other sub-ordinate staff. This Assistant Controller has the jurisdiction of the entire Mandya District. Under his purview the offices of Mandya Sub-division, Maddur sub-division, Pandavapura Sub-division, are there, and every sub-division administration is entrusted to one Inspector of Metrology. Commissioner of Metrology located at Bangalore is the ultimate head of this department. This department implements several rules and Acts like Karnataka Weights and Measures Act 1985, and also Rules and Regulations of 1988, and package of material Act 1976 and Rules of 1977.

### **Industries and Commerce Department**

District Industrial Centre was established in Mandya in the year 1982. Earlier to this Industries and Commerce department was functioning under the supervision of the office of the Assistant Director at District level. Subsequently it

was headed by a Chief Manager, which was recently redesignated as Joint Director. He has the district jurisdiction and he is assisted by one Industrial Extension Officer, one Deputy Director and Office Superintendent and other nine subordinate staff. This department implements the orders issued by the Government from time to time. To issue Temporary/Permanent registration certificates, sanction of Government financial aid, Sales Tax exemptions, Honey Rearing, Coconut coir and Jute-thread production, to give loans to educated unemployed etc. are some of the activities of this department. To furnish essential infrastructure facilities to the interested entrepreneurs who wants to undertake new industrial persuit. Also to help them with loan facilities, to supply raw materials, to provide them training in marketing facilities, to issue permanent registration certificates to those who start production to sanction financial aid, to recommend to the banks about the available loan facilities, to the educated unemployed, to invite application for Prime Ministers Rozgar Plans and to provide them ten days training to recommend to give entrepreneurship. Training to the future entrepreneurs, to provide facilities under the Worlds Plan, to provide facilities to the artists, to provide necessary facilities to them and also training, implementing of 'Yashaswini' plan which is meant exclusively for women and also other activities are undertaken by this department under the supervision of District Industrial Centre.

### **Agriculture Department**

With the main objective to implement agricultural development programmes, office of the Joint Director of Agriculture was started in Mandyā, in the year 1995. Earlier to this under the Sandra (besaya), Intensive agricultural development this office was working under the Deputy Commissioner. Afterwards this responsibility was given to Deputy Director of Agriculture. He had the jurisdiction of the District, and all the agricultural activities of all taluks were being supervised. Deputy agriculture Directors post was redesignated as Chief Agricultural Officer. Subsequently the Agriculture department was restructured and the post of Deputy Director was upgraded as Joint-Director of Agriculture in the district. To assist the Joint-Director there are more than 38 subordinate staff. To give suggestions to the district farmers regarding methods of modern agriculture, agricultural implements seeds, manure, to supply pesticides to preserve plants and also to look after the quality aspect as per the agricultural rules and guidelines, to train farmers, to increase agricultural products and to implement state as well as central governments' plans, programmes etc, are some of the activities undertaken by this department. Establishment of farmers

communication centres since 2000-2001 have been opened to provide farmers, to supply the necessary products and also to test the soil, seed test provide technical know how.

Several developmental activities, under different plans many districts and state wise several programmes are being implemented by this office are, District Sector Green, mixed manure production, Agriculture Mela, Exhibition, National Development of dwidala Seeds Programme, Oil Seeds Production Plan, Special Component Plan, State sector Programmes like Agricultural Plan, small tractor distribution programme, power tiller distribution programme, providing Hi-tech implements distribution of Paddy mini kit trials, programme of Savayava (organic) Agricultural Programme, Navodaya Board, National Vegetable Oil Development Board and such other related activities. For Small and very Small Farmers are to be supplied certified seeds at very reasonable rates under quality control, the quality supply of implements and demand for quality seeds, manure, collection and as well as distribution of insecticides and pesticides to examine the above, if there are producers of adulterated products and also institute criminal cases against those who violate. Mud samples collection, WYTEP plan and also other bio-tech activities are implemented by this department. Commissioner for Agriculture in Bangalore is the ultimate Head and controlling authority of this office.

### **Watershed Development Department**

In the district from 1-1-2000 District Watershed Development department came into existence. This department implements several work connected with agriculture. District Watershed development officer supervises the activities of this department. Commissioner Watershed Development, Bangalore is the ultimate controlling authority of this office at the district level.

### **Khadi and Village Industries Board**

With the main objective of giving rural Artisans and those who know fine arts, education unemployed and women, give financial aid and also to provide Technical know how, office of the Khadi and Village Industries was established in Mandya in the year 1960. District Khadi Gramodyog Officer is the head of this office, to assist him there are collection officers, including technical supervisors and seven subordinates are there. In rural areas to develop different rural products like khadi silk, polycloth, wollen cloth trade and also to solve unemployment problem financial aid and also technical know how are the main activities of this department. Khadi and Village Industries Development and also to implement

its working is the responsibility of this office. Chief Executive Officer, Khadi Gramodyog Board, Bangalore is the head of this office.

### **Mines and Geology Department**

Surveying ground water availability in the water shed areas of the district, and also to give technical guidance for sinking Borewells the office of the Senior Geologist was started in 1974 at Mandyā. Presently this is works under Zilla Panchayat and at present this office has been renamed as office of the Senior Geologist and he is the head of this office. He is assisted by three Junior Geologists. One Junior Geo physicist and six subordinates staff. To provide technical guidance under various plans for digging wells and sinking Borewells the public use and also for government agencies. Also to provide technical advice for conducting the survey of ground water resources in the water shed areas of the district and also to give Technical guidance in the district canal place, other technical activities such as, conducting surveys of ground water as well as improving rain water harvesting in selected villages and also to undertake examination of water samples are being undertaken by this department.

### **District Consumer's Forum**

With the object of getting solution to consumers' grievances who have been frequently exploited, the Mandyā District Consumers Forum was established in Mandyā in November 1991. This Forum is presided by one President who is a judicial person. This Forum acts according to the Karnataka Welfare act 1986 and also Consumers Welfare Act 1986 and also consumers welfare rules and regulations-1988 and contained in the handbooks. To help the president the office is headed by one Assistant Registrar and one Assistant Executive Officer and including one Shirasthedar, and eight other staff are functioning. This office looks after the affected consumers and gives them suitable compensation. These are the things that forum implements.

### **District Treasury**

Even prior to independence Mandyā Treasury was working and in the beginning this was under the jurisdiction of Revenue department. Afterwards from 1967 this was separated and comes under the jurisdiction of Treasury Directorate. District Treasury Officer is the head of this department and he has the jurisdiction of Taluk Treasury's Executive Offices. To help him Assistant Treasury Officers and one including Chief Accountant in all 52 other staff. Mandyā Districts Zilla Panchayats, Gram Panchayat Municipal offices and also Town

Municipalities Accounts are organised and it submits the same to Chief Accounts Officer. This work is being done by this office. Karnataka Financial Code, Karnataka Treasury Code, Karnataka Contingent Expenditure Code, Budget hand book, etc. and other Government Rules and Regulations are being implemented by this department. Different departments which implement different plans, and payment of bills connected with them are finalised and Departments Main Accounts, Head of accounts is the responsibility of this office. Leaving Mandya taluk, there are sub-treasuries in the remaining six taluks have Deputy Treasuries; Deputy Treasury Officer supervises the working of the District Treasury. The department has been computerised on 1-2-2002 and all the work comes under online or HRMS system.

### **Horticultural Department**

With the object of encouraging the public by adopting scientifically advanced methods of growing vegetables, fruits, Mushrooms, flowers and medicinal plants and also scented plants and other horticultural crops and Office of the Deputy Director, Horticulture, Mandya started functioning under the jurisdiction of Zilla Panchayat since 1992. Earlier to that from 1956 to 1971, this came under Assistant Superintendent of parks and gardens Mandya. Later from 1971 to 1992 this unit started working under the District Horticultural Officer. At present this comes under the administration of Deputy Director, Horticulture and this office has the jurisdiction of entire Mandya district. The Deputy Director, Horticulture is the head of this office and he is assisted by one senior Assistant Director and 83 other staff. Under the Jurisdiction of this office there is one each senior Assistant Director, Horticultures' office for all the taluks in the district.

The Horticulture department as undertaken several developmental activities such as providing technical information about Horticulture, training for agriculturists to undertake garden oriented plantations like growing of several varieties of fruits and vegetables, development of new plants and their maintenance are supervised and executed by this departments under the supervision of the Zilla Panchayath the department has executed several schemes and programmes such as collection of coconut seedlings, maintenance of Nurseries, development of fruits and vegetable crops, convening of seniors and discussion sessions, celebrating regional utsavs, providing infrastructural facilities development of Nurseries, publicity for Horticultural crops, construction of plant protection laboratories, checking of coconut and areca nut disease, controlling of mushroom diseases and finally providing protection for all kinds fruits and vegetables are some of the main activities of this department. Besides these

programmes, the department also introduces several taluk Panchayat programmes like training for agriculturists, development of decorative plants and extension of Horticultural crops and providing 50% of financial assistance to peasants to undertake plant protection, distribution of chemicals and fertilisers and under the special component plan. Prevention of plastic agriculture, using sprinkler irrigation for Horticulture gardens and execution of the scheme "our House our garden" a centrally sponsored scheme of growing spices, pulses, coco and other advanced roots and shrubs and several other schemes introduced by the Zilla Panchayath from time to time.

The District Horticultural Producers' Marketing and Processing Co-operative societies has been functioning and implementing various schemes and programmes introduced by the Horticulture department. Under the aegis of the societies several marketing outlets have been opened and their help the distribution of fruits and vegetables to public and other general Hostels spread over the district.

### **City Improvement Authority**

As per the Karnataka Trust Board sub rule 1987 Mandyā City Improvement Authority was started in Mandyā.

The Mandyā city comprises of 18 revenue villages which were acquired by the City Improvement Authority over the years and as a total area of 61.79 sq.km. under its control. Within the city limits the authority as undertaken formation of layouts and colonies and as the aim of distributing residential as well as commercial sites for the needy applicants. The Authority is headed by one Commissioner and he is in turn assisted by several officers and other necessary staff. The Commissioner is also Chairman of the Authority which consists of both official and non-official members which totally amounts to 20 members.

Besides, formation and distribution of sites the Authority also issues building licenses, possession certificate, recognition of private layouts, protection of green belt area, utilization of unused and waste lands and undertaking several other developmental programmes are the main activities of the Authority.

### **Pre-University and Vocational Education Department**

The office of the Deputy Director, Pre-University Education and Occupational Training Department office was started in Mandyā in the year 1997. Mandyā has 39 Govt. Pre-University college and five separated Composite Degree Colleges, 10 Grant in aid and 30 private Pre-University colleges come under the

jurisdiction of this department. Among these 34 colleges have facilities of Job Oriented Course (J.O.C). Inspection of all these colleges, Pre-University and Vocational Education and other Educational activities, Supervision of examination work, Sports activities, Physical training, Library and also enquire into several complaints received about the college buildings are some of the responsibilities of this office. The other execution Plans instituted by the department and also supervise developmental activities are the main responsibilities of this department. Deputy Director is the head of this office and he is assisted by other necessary staff and, Director, Pre-University Education department, Bangalore and also Director Vocational Education are the main Controlling Authority.

### **Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services Department**

With the object of Providing Veterinary services activities and also Management aspect, District level Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services was established in Mandya in the year 1975 under the supervision of the Senior Assistant Director, and he was executing the activities of this department. At present Deputy Director is the Executive officer and has the jurisdiction of the District, to assist him there are 25 Assistant Directors, 90 Veterinary Doctors, four Veterinary Supervisors, 102 senior veterinary supervisors, 89 Veterinary Inspectors, 139 Veterinary helpers and also other 746 necessary staff are there.

Protection of animals from diseases development of veterinary wealth through artificial Insemination improved breed development, the activities connected with social and financial plans implementation, fodder development, animal fodder development, barren animals medical treatment Mobile Veterinary Medical services etc. are same of the important activities of this department.

There are branch offices of this department and they work under the supervision of Assist Director at places like Pandavapura, Srirangpattana, Nagamangala, Malavalli, Mandya, Maddur, Keregodu, Kodiyala, Melukote, Bharathi Nagar, Besagara halli, Aadichunchanagiri, Kyathe Gowdana Doddi, Nelligere, Kirugavalu, Sheelanere, Keelara, Belakavadi and Kikkere. In addition to this, Sheep and Sheep Development Board at Mandya, Nagamangala and also there is a Chief Rural Development Programme and Bandur Sheep Development programme offices are working under one Assistant Director, at Malavalli.

### **Regional Transport Department**

The Regional Transport office has started working in Mandya from 1958. Regional Transport officer is the chief Executive officer and has the District jurisdiction, two senior Motor Vehicle Inspectors, seven motor Vehicle Inspectors and other 32 staff members are there to assist him.

Registration of Motor Vehicles, collection of taxes with respect to Motor Vehicles, issue of license to Drivers and issue of permit to Transport vehicles and also under the Central Motor Vehicles Act of 1988 and other activities are being executed by this office. Karnataka Motor Vehicle Tax Act 1957, Karnataka Motor Vehicles Act 1988, Central Motor Vehicles rules and regulation 1989, Motor Vehicles Rules and Regulation of 1989 etc., are being enforced by this department.

### **Police Department**

With the object of maintaining Law and Order and also to stop Crimes, District Police Superintendent's office was started in Mandyā in the year 1959. Earlier to this it was looked after by the Deputy Commissioner of the district. District Superintendent of Police is the head of the District has the jurisdiction of the entire Mandyā District. Under his control one Assistant Administrative Officer and other 33 staff members are working under him. The Superintendent of Police has the jurisdiction of the entire district and looks after the activities of the department. Under the Superintendent of Police an Additional Superintendent of Police and other staff are also functioning. Indian Penal Code, Indian Criminal Code, Special and Local Laws, Implementation of police manual, Election Commission's Act, Karnataka Police Act of 1963 Prohibition of Dowry Act, PCR Act and other rules and regulations laid down by the Department are being implemented by this office. At taluk level subordinate offices like Subdivisional and circle offices, Police Stations and also Police out stations are there. In addition to this District Intelligence Services, District Crime Registration office, District Scientific Unit, National Highway Unit, Finger print division, District Wireless Division and also district Reserve Police division come under the Administrative Jurisdiction of District Superintendent of Police. To control and conduct the traffic as per Traffic rules, monthly celebration or prevention or crime and to create awareness in the public about stoppage of crime, to issue hand bills, Publishing in the local papers and also to exhibition or slides in the Theatres, and special activities are implemented by this office. Inspector General of Police, South Zone, Mysore is the Immediate Head of this department.

### **Meteralogical and also land Records Department**

Land Record Assistant Director of Mandyā Sub-division was started in the year 1979 is undertaking the activities of the department. Earlier in 1938, this office was functioning as survey department and later this was renamed as Assistant Superintendent of Land records. At present this was renamed as Land

record Assistant Director. This office has Mandya and Malavalli jurisdiction, Land Survey offices in different taluks supervise by the Land Survey officers. Other four taluks, Pandavapura, Sub-Division office jurisdiction, Assistant Director is the chief executive office and to help him 147 staff are there, connected with land, Land reforms, Podi ( ) records measurement, Land Sanctioning, Land conversion, Land right change, Land reforms, drawings, tax disbursement are some of the activities.

Karnataka Public service rules, Survey manual (Mojini kaipidi) and also the rules that are passed by the director are implemented by this office.

### **Women and Child Welfare Department**

With the main objective of looking after the welfare of women and children, women and child welfare Department was established in 1984 at Mandya and is headed by one Assistant Director. This Assistant Director is administering the entire district as jurisdiction of the district and he is assisted by one Women and Child welfare Programme Officer, One special Nutrition Programme Inspector and also other necessary staff. The main activities of this department are to implement the women and child development programmes for the development of children between the age group of six months and six year, Nutritious food programme, nourishment of Pregnant and Nursing Mother, Vaccination and Pre-primary Education. The department also takes steps to the child marriage, Dowry system and Devadasi system and implement certain programmes to control these obnoxious practices. The department also undertakes programme to maintain, child care centres, Destitute Homes, Rehabilitation centres for child labourers, old age homes, orphanages and to implement several progressive programmes for the development of women are the core activities of this department. Financial assistance for children who are in economic distress and programmes for Infant girls welfare, revived living for uncared girls and self power are also the main activities of the department. Other programmes such as Maternity Grounds (NMA scheme), physically disabled and mentally challenged women are given special care and development by this department.

### **Mandya District Co-operative Agricultural Products Marketing Federation Ltd.**

With the objective of distributing chemical and fertilizers, pesticides and other agricultural related products are supplied through Primary Land Development co-operative societies, District Co-operative Agricultural Products

Marketing Federation Ltd., was started in Mandyā in the year 1998. Managing Director is the head of this Federation and he is assisted by one Chief Executive Officer and his and the entire district comes under his jurisdiction and there are other staff to assist him. At present the sale of Chemicals and Fertilizers being the important activity of this Federation. The rules and regulations connected with the co-operative organizations are implemented and executed by this office.

### **Fisheries Department**

Utilising the water resources of the district in order to develop Fishery industries, Office of the Senior Assistant Director, Fisheries was established in Mandyā in 1975. He functions within the jurisdiction of the district and he is assisted by eight Assistant Directors and other necessary. It is the responsibility of this office to execute the activities of the department.

The main functions of the department are the development of the big and small tanks both technically and collectively undertaking their improvement also to educate fishermen to undertake Fishy culture, production and rearing of fish seeds, distribution of Fish seeds, giving financial assistance for the construction of Fish ponds, arranging exhibitions and Training to benefit fishermen and other plans are implemented by this office. Assistant Director, fisheries offices are also functioning at the taluk level in order to carry out the activities of the department. There is also Fisheries Area Manager  and also fisheries supervisors to carryout the activities of the department. Chief Executive Officer, Zilla Panchayath Mandyā is the superior officer.

### **Youth Service and Sports Department**

The office of the District Youth Services and Sports Office was started in Mandyā in the year 1975. Originally it was functioning under District Planning Officer, but at present it is under the control of the Commission State Youth Centre, Bangalore. District Youth Services and Sports officer being the head of this office, has jurisdiction of the entire district. The main objective of this office is to create awareness among the rural youth about the Sports and also to encourage the development of Sports and other related activities in the district. Conducting of the District level Sports Meet, Dasara Sports Meet, Rural Sports Meet Women's Sports Meet, Youth Festivals, Summer Training Camps and also Government servants organising Sports Meet for and other Sports activities sports club are the main responsibility of this office. The District Youth Services and Sports Officer is assisted by the three office staff. This office comes under the supervision of the Zilla Panchayat Administration. This office arranges Sports

and Cultural activities in Rural areas. Under the special programmes for the district the department undertakes organizing the youth, establishments of youth clubs, to train the youth for developing leadership qualities, implementing special schemes such as Yuva Prerana, Yuva Chetana, organizing Youth and Camps and encouraging youth to undertake such other adventurous activities are the responsibility of this department. The department also encourages the building up of Gymnasiums and also grants scholarships for the body builders and provides Flood light facilities for certain sports fields and fulfills other improvised sports materials and other equipments. The department also gives TA' DA' for the sports persons who participate in various district as well as Taluk level Sports meet. Construction of Stadiums and indoor stadiums and also to build open air theatres are undertaken by the department. It also encourages adventure sports and also conducts training camps for such activities. Four Trainers from Sports Authority of India and also eight Trainers from Karnataka Sports Authority are imparting training in different stadiums of the district.

### **Sericulture Department**

The office of the deputy director, sericulture was established in 1980 at Mandya with a view to introduce new technology, publicity and special training for agriculturists and their by bring about alround development in sericulture. The deputy director is the head of this office and he is assisted by two gazetted managers and 13 other necessary staff. The department implements various plans & schemes related to the development of sericulture in the district. The programmes like giving loans and advances to silk worm rearing sanctioning financial assistance for bi-voltine silk worms, controlling of sericulture oriented diseases, specially granting financial assistance for Mulberry plantations under Special Component Plan and also implementing several schemes and programmes of the department related to sericulture development. Under aegis of this department, the office of the Assistant Director's at Malavalli and K.R.Pet are functioning. In turn these offices control 21 sericulture Technical services centres, maintenance of two sericulture learning centres, and also sanctions freely a centralised sericulture market and also to develop sericulture zones are their main responsibilities.

The Chief Executive Officer Zilla Panchayat, Mandya; Sericulture development Commissioner and Directorate of Sericulture, Bangalore are the immediate controlling authorities of this office.

### **Adult Education**

The District Adult Education Department is headed by a District Adult Education Officer and this office come into existence with the objective of imple-

menting educational revolution in the district under a comprehensive rural developmental programme. The persons in the age group of 9-35 were identified and selected to under go Adult Education Programme for the first time in the district. The district Adult Education Officer being the head of this office has the jurisdiction over the entire district and he is assisted by one programme assistant and other necessary staff. The Adult Education Programmes are conducted by one resource person and rural development experts selected by the District Adult Education Officer in consultation with the Director of Adult Education, Bangalore. Special emphasis is given for the alround development of the villages in the district. In the being 100 villages were selected to implement several programmes for the alround development of these villages. While doing so a list of required resource for the villages were prepared accordingly. Priorities for developmental works were prepared and implemented according to the respective needs of the village. For the execution of with such programmes the co-operation of the local villages and also government agencies were called for prioritizing the same. Frequently, such programmes were supervised at the implementation stage itself. All these responsibilities are discharged through the adult education programme at the village level.

The department of Adult Education implements schemes and programmes like spreading of literacy movements, several programmes concerning adult education, programmes designed by the National Literacy Mission improvement of educational institutions engaged in the task of literacy programmes and periodically conducting surveys and Inspections of various programmes and several other related activities. Besides, the above mentioned programmes several popular schemes such as creating literacy awareness among the young girls and boys, also educating them regarding rural health and sanitation, bring awareness against the meaningless practices, as well as unnecessary religions beliefs and their by making them socially active change their attitude through the establishment of well equipment public libraries.

### **Public Works Department**

The Public Works Department is one of the most traditional departments, which was originally called Maramth Department engaged in construction of roads, bridges, public government buildings and travellers bunglows etc., After unification the office of the public works department started functioning in Mandy since 1963 and he is head by Executive Engineer and inturn he is assisted by 36 other staff.

The department implements the government plans and projects from time to time. The major works of this department is classified into Buildings, State highways, district major roads, taluk roads, construction of bridges and such other public work activities. The Karnataka Public Works Department Manual, Karnataka Public Works Accounts Code, State Highway Rules, Karnataka Land Acquisition Act and such other Rules and Regulations are followed implementing several public works and other programmes.

Under the rural improvement and Development Fund granted by NABARD, the public works such other construction of government buildings and roads are implemented.

Under the I, II, III, IV, V, VI and VII five year plans the department has constructed more than 100 bridges, repaired old roads as well as asphalting of new roads have been implemented in the district in phased manner. At the taluk level there are sub-division offices headed by assistant Executive Engineers.

### **Commercial Tax Office**

The office of the Assistant Commissioner, Commercial taxes (II circle) was established in Mandya 01-04-1982. Since 1992, this office has been renamed as Assistant Commercial tax department (circle office) under the supervision of the Commissioner of Commercial Taxes, Bangalore. This office has the jurisdiction of a part of the Mandya town, taluks of Srirangapattana, Pandavapura, Nagamangala and K.R.Pet and rest portion of the district were under the First circle of the Commercial Tax department. Both the circles are headed by two commercial tax officers one each for the circle and specially designed mobile squads. The zonal Commercial tax office is headed by one Assistant Commissioner, Commercial Taxes and he is assisted by 11 other staff. The total Commercial transactions carried out the district amounts to Rs.7.50 lakhs and those who annually remitted taxes amounted to Rs. 1.50 lakhs, in the district come under the purview of this department. Collection of Commercial taxes is the main activity of this department.

The department enforces several Acts and Schemes of the government such as Karnataka Commercial Tax Act 1957, Karnataka Entry Tax Act 1977, Karnataka Professional Tax Act 1977, Central Sales Tax Act 1956, Karnataka Entertainment Taxes Act 1979 and several Rules regulations formulated by the Government of Karnataka are strictly enforced by the Commercial Tax Department. The Joint Commissioner (Administration) Commercial taxes, Mysore region, Mysore is the immediate controlling officer of this department.

## **Information Department**

With a view to project and give publicity to the progress made by various departments in implementing several schemes and the programmes of the government and the programmes of the government and providing them vide publicity, the officer of the District Information and Publicity Office was established in 1966 in Mandyā District. It is headed by one District Information and Publicity Officer, who has the jurisdiction of the entire district. He is assisted by one Assistant information officer and 11 other staff. The sub-division office of this department is functioning at Pandavapura and is headed by one Assistant Director.

## **Karnataka Government Insurance Department (KGID)**

The district insurance department under the control of the Director, Karnataka Government Insurance Department started functioning in Mandyā since 1976. The district insurance officer is the head of this office and he is assisted by 26 other staff. For the government servants serving in the district, the government insurance is a compulsory scheme to be followed. It also deals with the sanctioning of insurance advances to the government employees. The other activities this department includes payments of post death policies, sanctioning of payments of matured policies and insurance for all the government vehicles and also the purchase of private vehicles availing government loans are compulsory be insured, at KGID in the district. Since 1958 this department is enforcing all the rules and regulations framed by the department to time to time. During the current year the department has undertaken a massive insurance programme to be adopted for the benefit government servants serving in the various department.

The department has achieved cent percent success in enforcing the government insurance scheme for the government servants of the district.

## **Small Savings and the State LotteryDepartment**

With an objective of encouraging the savings attitude among the public and their by help the developmental programmes in the district, the department of Small Savings was establishment in Mandyā. This office is headed by one Assistant Director and he is assisted by one development officer and necessary staff. He has the jurisdiction entire district. It also has branches at the taluk level and it is headed by one Assistant development officer who functions under the direction of the Assistant Director of the district. The main activities of the district are to achieve targets fixed for small savings, to encourage people to invest

in small savings, to implement the financial assistance announced by the government to encourage small savings at Educational Institutions, Muzrai Institutions, to encourage, youth association by official agency to then and so on.

The Small Savings and State Lottery were introduced by this department as per the norms laid down in the hand book of the department since 1990. The Government of India which introduces several rules and regulations to time to time are being adopted by this department. In exercise of powers conferred by section 5 of the Lottery (Regulation) Act, 1998 (Central Act No.17 of 1998), the Government of Karnataka hereby declares that the Karnataka State shall be the free zone from paper, Online and Internet Lotteries and prohibits the sale of all types of Paper, Computerised and Online lottery of Karnataka and other States and lotteries organised by other countries marketed and operated through vending machines, terminals electronic machines and tickets sold through Internet in Karnataka with effect from 01-04-2007. The Director, Small Savings and State Lottery, Bangalore is the immediate controlling authority of this department.

### **Social Welfare Department**

The Social Welfare Department is headed by District Social Welfare Officer was established in 1962 at Mandya. The main objective of this department, he is to implement several developmental programmes announced by the government for the welfare of Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribes from time to time. The District Social Welfare Officer has the Jurisdiction of the entire district and he also functions as the Chief administrative Officer. He is assisted by an office manager and one superintendent incharge of special component plan and 12 other necessary staff.

The main activities of the department involves in providing and maintenance of hostels for Scheduled Caste/Tribes sanctioning of awarding cash prices for meritorious students under reservation, sanctioning of irrigation pumpsets for the Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribes are some of the programme implemented by the department. Under the purview of this department several programmes for the welfare of Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribes are being executed under the guidance of the social welfare department in the state. The Chief Executive Officer, Zilla Panchayath, Mandya and Director Social Welfare Directorate Bangalore are the immediate controlling authority of this department.

### **Public Libraries Department**

The Public Libraries are generally considered as universities for the common man and main information centre involving in the growth of achieving

knowledge and talents for the people. The district central library Mandyā, came to be established in 1975, under the Karnataka Public Library Act 1965. Subsequently the taluk level branches of the Libraries were came to be established under a special plan implemented by the department in the year 1978. This enabled the common people living in cities as well as rural areas to be benefited by this Libraries expansion programme of the department. Recently, under the policy of decentralisation, the district came to have a comprehensive Library revolution as each Mandal Panchayath is equipped with a Public Library. Towards the end of March 2002, 145 Grama Panchayaths in the district possess one library each as per their programme. The Mandyā Public Library was just a conversion of already existing public old Library since 1940. Earlier it was being managed by a committee consisting of 10 members and this Library received a grant of Rs.500 from the government. We also have information regarding the existence of one such old Library at Melukote established in the year 1935. This Library was managed by a private committee consisting of 15 members. This Library was receiving substantial grant from town Municipal Council, Melukote. At present all these libraries have been taken over by the Director of Libraries. The Chief Librarian is the head of the District Library and has the jurisdiction of the entire district. He is assisted by 25 other necessary staff. The Chief Librarian is the overall incharge of other libraries both at Taluk and Grama Panchayath level. The Director of Libraries Bangalore is the immediate controlling authority of this department.

### **Department of Public Instruction**

The Office of the Deputy Director of Public instruction was established in 1970 at Mandyā. The main concern of this department is to impart education from 1<sup>st</sup> standard to 10<sup>th</sup> standard and also administratively conduct several programmes and implement various development schemes of the government. Earlier this office was managed by an education officer and later it was upgraded into the post Deputy Director (Public instruction) and he is at present considered Chief Administrative officer who has the jurisdiction of the entire district. At present there are two Educational Officers and 59 other necessary staff. The department deals with the matters such as transfers of teachers, sanctioning of time-bound increment, recognition of un-aided primary as well as secondary schools, conducting of periodical inspections, maintenance as well as responsibility of functioning of various private primary educational institutions, implementation of institutional plans, supervision of the conduct of examination, educational training and approval of teachers appointments, renewal of recognition and

meticulously supervising the conduct of district level as well as state level examinations. The department encourages all kinds of academic activities by the school as well as college authorities such as arranging science exhibitions and such other education related activities all over the district.

The department also implements several government of India sponsored schemes such as operation Block-Board scheme, District Primary Education plan Mid-day meals programme, supply of free uniforms, Textbooks, distribution of school bags, construction and renovation of school buildings and supply of several laboratory and other equipments and providing grants for the teachers training and several other plans and schemes are being implemented through this department. The Chief Executive Officer, Zilla Panchayath, Mandya and Joint Director Public instruction, Mysore are the immediate controlling authorities of this department.

### **Department of Backward Classes and Minorities**

With a view to encourage the alround development of the backward classes and minorities, this department came into existence in 1977 at Mandya. This department functions directly under the control of the District Officer, who has the jurisdiction of the entire district. There are eight other staff to assist the District Officer, in implementing various schemes and programmes for the development of the students belonging to Backward classes and Minorities. It is the responsibility of this department to implement programmes such as pre and post metric scholarship, concession in education fees, training the law graduates, granting of students scholarship for typist as well as stenographers maintenance of Navodaya Model Residential schools, granting of scholarships for minorities studying in Diploma classes sanctioning of additional expenditure for lunch of the first class students, granting financial assistance to the private aided students hostels and orphanges run by the Backward Classes and Minorities. The department also grants the financial assistance to Manglyya Bhagya schemes and maintenance of free as well as pre and post metric student hostels. The district consist of 66 students hostels which has helped 3505 beneficiaries under this programme. Totally there are one Navodaya model Residential school (200 students) and one Ashram school (50 students). The taluk panchayath office as appointed one backward classes extension officer, who normally supervisions the activities as well as implementations of such schemes and programmes. The Chief executive Officer, Zilla Panchayat Mandya and Director Backward classes and Minorities, Bangalore are the immediate controlling authorities of the department.

## CENTRAL GOVERNMENT OFFICES

### **Income Tax Department**

The income tax department of the Mandyā branch came into existence in 1970 with an objective of implementing collection of income tax under the Government of India revenue scheme. The jurisdiction of the department covers all the taluks of the district and the taluks of Ramanagar and Chennapattana in the present Ramanagar district. The main activities of this department is to create awareness among the people to honestly remit the income tax and also strict to the time speculation enforced by the department. Income tax collection has been top priority as it amounts to the primary source of revenue for the government of India. The department implements acts and regulations such as Income Tax Act 1961, Income Tax Rules 1962, Wealth Tax Act 1956, Gift Tax, Regulations 1957 and such other related rules and regulations of government of India. Of late the income tax department has been thoroughly computerised and tax payers have been allotted permanent Account numbers (Pan Number) in a very scientific manner. The Joint Commissioner, Income Tax, Mysore Zone, Mysore is the immediate controlling authority of this department.

### **Central Excise Department**

The office of the central excise superintendent was established in Mandyā in the year 1973. This being a regional office the Excise Superintendent is a head of this office and as the jurisdiction entire district. He is assisted by three Inspectors and other necessary staff. The department exercises the responsibility of collecting tax on the produced liquor items in the district. The central excise department implements Act and Rules like Central Excise Act 1944 - Rules 1944 and Central Excise Toll Act 1985 and such other Rules and Regulations of the Government of India. The Assistant Commissioner, Central Excise Mysore - Ist Division, Mysore is the immediate controlling authority of this department.

### **Indian Postal Department**

After the British took over the Administration of Mysore in 1881 the postal service in the princely state of Mysore came to be totally revamped. Traditionally it was carried out by selected "Mail Runner's who travelled virtually by their foot from village to village and distributed the letters. Subsequently the construction of the Railway line between Mysore-Bangalore revolutionised the postal services in the district. The office of the central postal services under the supervision of postal superintendent was established in 1973 at Mandyā. He is assisted by 18 other necessary staff. The Chief Post Offices have been established at Mandyā

and Srirangapattana. The department implements several Rules, Regulations and schemes of the Government of India in accordance with the postal services manual. The district totally comprises of 365 post offices under the jurisdiction of the central post office at Mandya. They undertake Western Union Money Transfer Schemes, Electronic Fund Transfer, Small Savings and such other National Savings Schemes are implemented by this department. Totally a commendable figure of 305 departmental employees and 708 non-departmental employees are working in the district. In order to provide fast and meticulous postal service the department recently computerised. A special programme of delivering money orders through the satellite link has been launched recently which has revolutionised the age old postal services in the district. The Post Master General South Karnataka zone, Bangalore is the immediate controlling authority of the office.

The departments of both state and central government discuss above gives a cursory glance of the activities of the department. The other left out both Central and State Government Departments, Boards and Corporation functioning in the district have been listed below.

Executive Engineers, Zilla Panchayath Engineer Division; Special Land Acquisition Officer; Deputy Register Co-operative Department; District Labour Officer, Labour Department; District marketing Officer; Probationary Officer, Remand Home; Assistant Director, Town Planning Department; Assistant Director, Agriculture Marketing Department; Commandant, District home guard; District Jail; Central intelligent Assistant Officer, Central intelligent; observers Lokayukta Department; Executive Engineer Vishveshwara Nala - I and Nala - II Division; Executive Engineers V.C. Nala (Modernisation); Executive Engineer Telephone Department, Sub-divisional Engineer (Cables); Assistant Director, Handloom and Textile Department; Chief Manager, Karnataka Construction Corporation Ltd., Assistant Executive Engineer, Karnataka Development Plan Sub-Division; Executive Engineer, District Plan Supervision Unit; Executive Engineer(E), Karnataka Power Transmission Corporation Ltd., Divisional Office; Managing Director; District Industrial Supply Marketing Society Ltd.; Principal, District Training Institution; Youth Co-ordinator, Nehru Youth Centre; Karnataka Forest Development Corporation; Sheep and Sheep Products Development Corporation; Industrial Area Development Board; Karnataka Small Industrial Marketing Corporation; Karnataka Agricultural Marketing Board; Karnataka Food and Civil Supply Corporation Ltd., and Karnataka State Warehouse Corporation.

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